



# Acadia

The Community Profiles contain demographic and household information from the 2016 [Census of Canada](#). The data was provided by Statistics Canada, accessed using the [Community Data Program](#), and compiled by The City of Calgary. This profile was published in 2019.

Due to rounding, numbers and percentages presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

For more information, visit our webpage or contact [socialresearch@calgary.ca](mailto:socialresearch@calgary.ca).

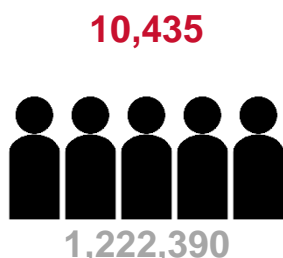
## 2016 Census of Canada Snapshot

Acadia= ■ Calgary= ■

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### Population in private households in 2016:



### Population distribution by age in 2016:

0-14 years:

13%



19%

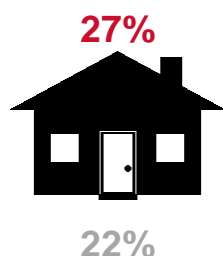
65+ years:

16%

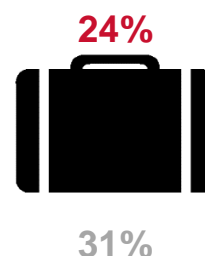


10%

### Per cent households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter in 2016



### Per cent Immigrants in 2016



### Median total household income (before tax) in 2015:



### Per cent individuals who speak English most often at home



## Population and Dwellings

Number of persons by age group

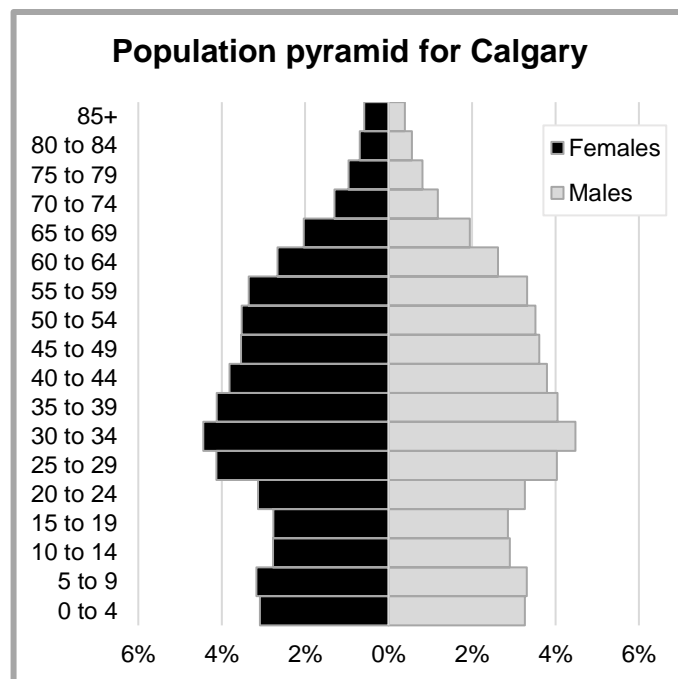
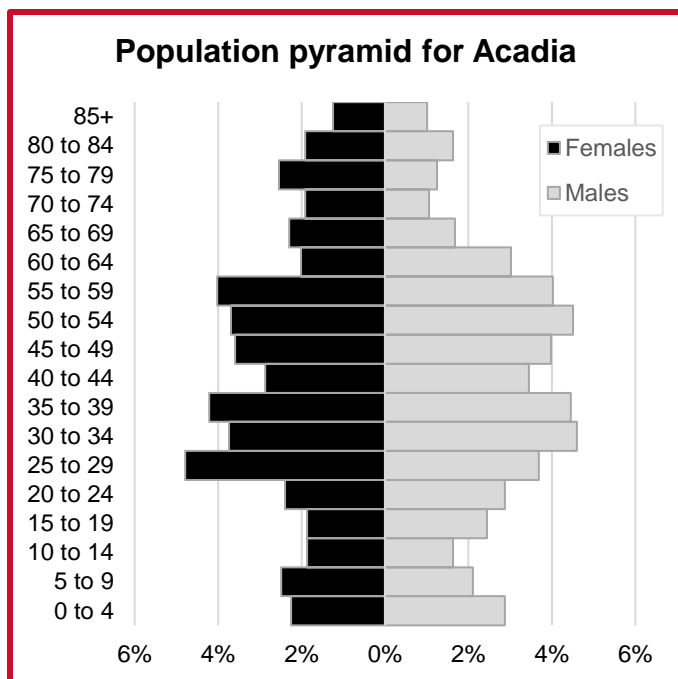
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b><u>Population in private households</u></b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>0 to 14 years</b>	<b>1,375</b>	<b>13%</b>
<b>15 to 64 years</b>	<b>7,340</b>	<b>70%</b>
<b>65 to 84 years</b>	<b>1,485</b>	<b>14%</b>
<b>85 years and over</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>2%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>1,222,390</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>0 to 14 years</b>	<b>226,285</b>	<b>19%</b>
<b>15 to 64 years</b>	<b>868,220</b>	<b>71%</b>
<b>65 to 84 years</b>	<b>115,985</b>	<b>9%</b>
<b>85 years and over</b>	<b>11,900</b>	<b>1%</b>

Number of persons by age and sex

Acadia			
	Total	Male	Female
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>5,245</b>	<b>5,185</b>
<b>0-4</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>235</b>
<b>5-9</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>260</b>
<b>10-14</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>195</b>
<b>15-19</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>195</b>
<b>20-24</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>250</b>
<b>25-29</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>500</b>
<b>30-34</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>390</b>
<b>35-39</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>465</b>	<b>440</b>
<b>40-44</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>300</b>
<b>45-49</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>375</b>
<b>50-54</b>	<b>855</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>385</b>
<b>55-59</b>	<b>835</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>420</b>
<b>60-64</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>210</b>
<b>65-69</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>240</b>
<b>70-74</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>200</b>
<b>75-79</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>265</b>
<b>80-84</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>200</b>
<b>85-89</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>95</b>
<b>90-94</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>95-99</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>100 years and over</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

Calgary			
	Total	Male	Female
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>1,222,390</b>	<b>610,620</b>	<b>611,775</b>
<b>0-4</b>	<b>77,645</b>	<b>39,975</b>	<b>37,675</b>
<b>5-9</b>	<b>79,220</b>	<b>40,500</b>	<b>38,720</b>
<b>10-14</b>	<b>69,415</b>	<b>35,535</b>	<b>33,885</b>
<b>15-19</b>	<b>68,695</b>	<b>34,980</b>	<b>33,720</b>
<b>20-24</b>	<b>78,235</b>	<b>39,960</b>	<b>38,270</b>
<b>25-29</b>	<b>99,745</b>	<b>49,285</b>	<b>50,460</b>
<b>30-34</b>	<b>109,015</b>	<b>54,730</b>	<b>54,285</b>
<b>35-39</b>	<b>99,905</b>	<b>49,535</b>	<b>50,365</b>
<b>40-44</b>	<b>93,025</b>	<b>46,415</b>	<b>46,610</b>
<b>45-49</b>	<b>87,375</b>	<b>44,120</b>	<b>43,255</b>
<b>50-54</b>	<b>86,115</b>	<b>43,020</b>	<b>43,090</b>
<b>55-59</b>	<b>81,570</b>	<b>40,610</b>	<b>40,955</b>
<b>60-64</b>	<b>64,540</b>	<b>32,040</b>	<b>32,500</b>
<b>65-69</b>	<b>48,640</b>	<b>23,795</b>	<b>24,840</b>
<b>70-74</b>	<b>30,335</b>	<b>14,475</b>	<b>15,855</b>
<b>75-79</b>	<b>21,715</b>	<b>9,970</b>	<b>11,750</b>
<b>80-84</b>	<b>15,295</b>	<b>6,875</b>	<b>8,420</b>
<b>85-89</b>	<b>8,595</b>	<b>3,595</b>	<b>5,000</b>
<b>90-94</b>	<b>2,725</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,710</b>
<b>95-99</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>360</b>
<b>100 years and over</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>50</b>



## Families and Households

### Private households by household size

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Private households</b>	<b>4,785</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>1 person</b>	<b>1,665</b>	<b>35%</b>
<b>2 persons</b>	<b>1,660</b>	<b>35%</b>
<b>3 persons</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>16%</b>
<b>4 persons</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>10%</b>
<b>5 or more persons</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b><u>Average household size</u></b>	<b>2.2</b>	

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Private households</b>	<b>446,730</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>1 person</b>	<b>114,225</b>	<b>24%</b>
<b>2 persons</b>	<b>150,820</b>	<b>32%</b>
<b>3 persons</b>	<b>78,420</b>	<b>17%</b>
<b>4 persons</b>	<b>75,340</b>	<b>16%</b>
<b>5 or more persons</b>	<b>47,920</b>	<b>10%</b>
<b>Average household size</b>	<b>2.6</b>	

### Census families

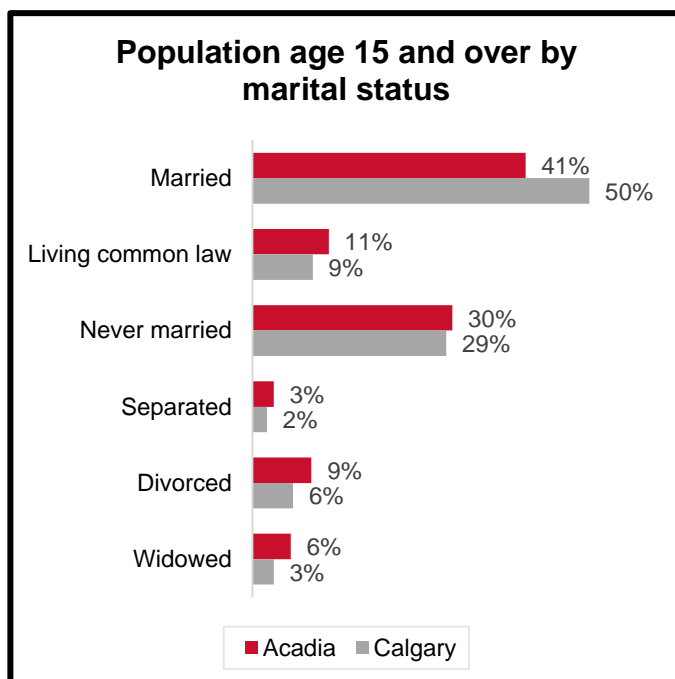
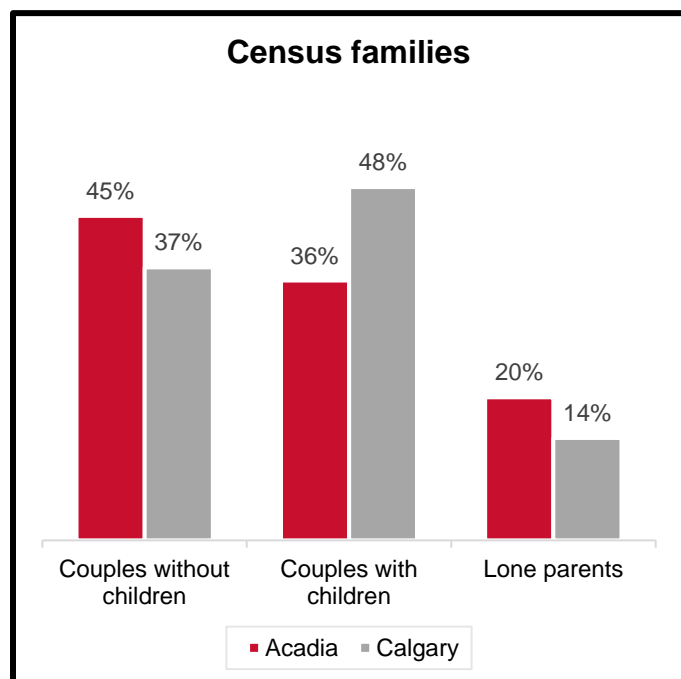
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b><u>Census families</u></b>	<b>2,875</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Couple families</b>	<b>2,310</b>	<b>80%</b>
<i>W/out children at home</i>	<i>1,280</i>	<i>45%</i>
<i>With children at home</i>	<i>1,025</i>	<i>36%</i>
<b>Lone-parent families</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>19%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Census families</b>	<b>337,120</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Couple families</b>	<b>289,790</b>	<b>86%</b>
<i>W/out children at home</i>	<i>126,295</i>	<i>37%</i>
<i>With children at home</i>	<i>163,495</i>	<i>48%</i>
<b>Lone-parent families</b>	<b>47,330</b>	<b>14%</b>

## Lone Parent Census Families

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Lone-parent families</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Female lone-parent</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>76%</b>
<b>Male lone-parent</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>24%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Lone-parent families</b>	<b>47,330</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Female lone-parent</b>	<b>36,955</b>	<b>78%</b>
<b>Male lone-parent</b>	<b>10,380</b>	<b>22%</b>



## Marital status

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 15 years and older in private households</b>	<b>9,055</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Married/common-law</b>	<b>4,740</b>	<b>52%</b>
Married	3,705	41%
Common-law	1,035	11%
<b>Not living with spouse or common-law partner</b>	<b>4,315</b>	<b>48%</b>
Never married	2,710	30%
Separated	290	3%
Divorced	800	9%
Widowed	520	6%

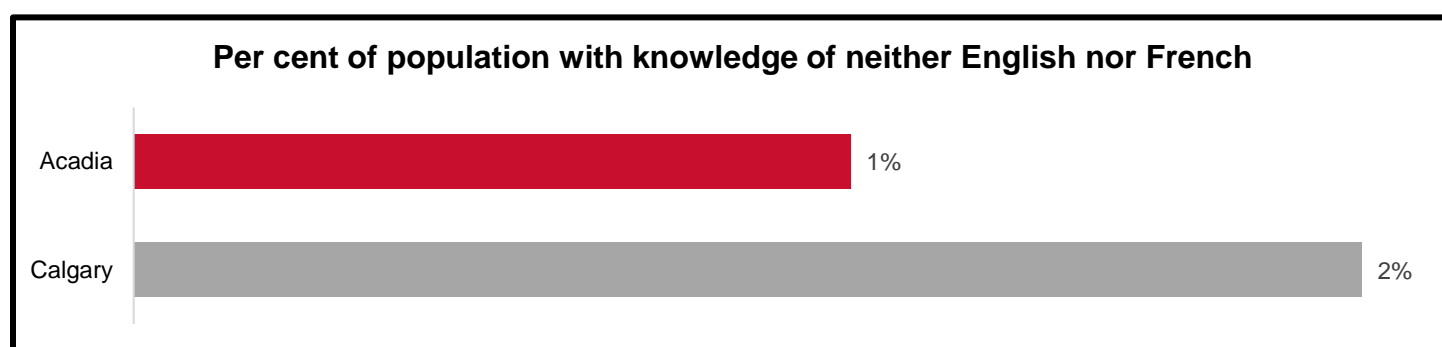
Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 15 years and over in private households</b>	<b>996,105</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Married/common-law</b>	<b>592,610</b>	<b>59%</b>
Married	502,655	50%
Common-law	89,955	9%
<b>Not living with spouse or common-law partner</b>	<b>403,495</b>	<b>41%</b>
Never married	289,135	29%
Separated	21,770	2%
Divorced	60,705	6%
Widowed	31,880	3%

## Languages

### Knowledge of official languages

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,435	100%
English only	9,585	92%
French only	20	0%
English and French	680	7%
Neither English nor French	145	1%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,395	100%
English only	1,103,085	90%
French only	1,200	0%
English and French	89,005	7%
Neither English nor French	29,095	2%



### Languages spoken most often at home (Top 5)

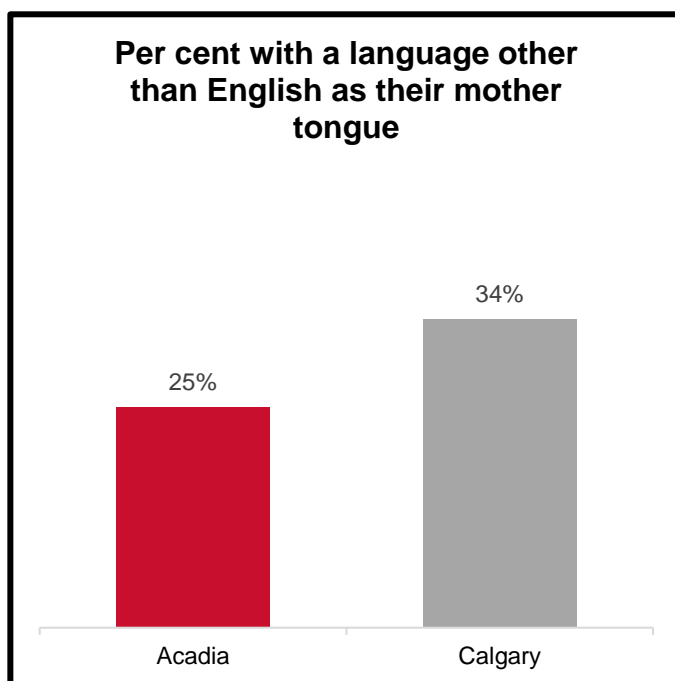
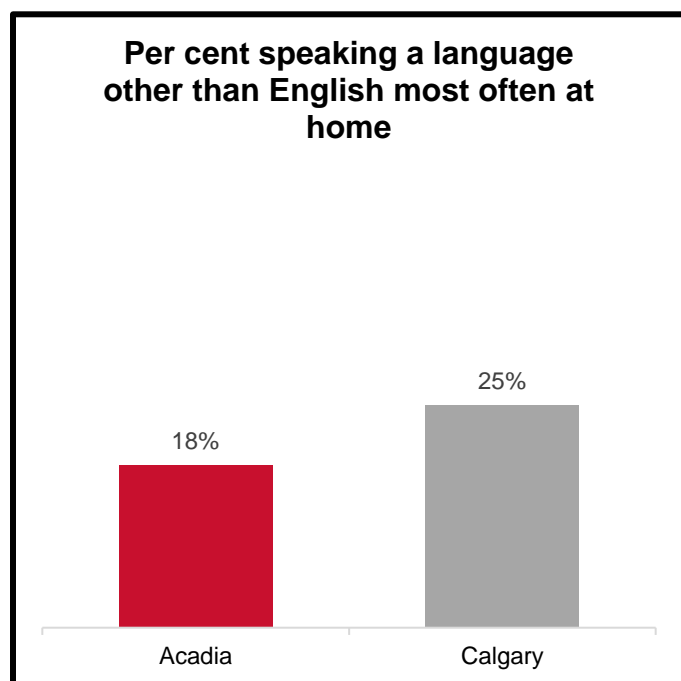
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,435	100%
English	8,555	82%
French	75	1%
<b>Non-official language</b>	<b>1,180</b>	<b>11%</b>
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	255	2%
Spanish	160	2%
Russian	75	1%
Romanian	50	0%
Serbian	50	0%
Multiple languages	625	6%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,395	100%
English	920,555	75%
French	7,565	1%
<b>Non-official language</b>	<b>210,090</b>	<b>17%</b>
Punjabi (Panjabi)	26,865	2%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	22,570	2%
Cantonese	22,415	2%
Mandarin	20,525	2%
Spanish	16,450	1%
Multiple languages	84,185	7%

## Mother tongue (Top 5)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,435	100%
English	7,875	75%
French	170	2%
Non-official language	2,150	21%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	445	4%
Spanish	200	2%
German	150	1%
Russian	100	1%
Polish	75	1%
Multiple responses	240	2%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,395	100%
English	803,135	66%
French	18,185	1%
Non-official language	362,855	30%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	38,685	3%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	35,780	3%
Cantonese	34,020	3%
Mandarin	27,845	2%
Spanish	26,680	2%
Multiple responses	38,220	3%



## Knowledge of Non-Official Languages (Top 5)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,430	100%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	620	6%
Spanish	385	4%
German	230	2%
Arabic	140	1%
Russian	125	1%

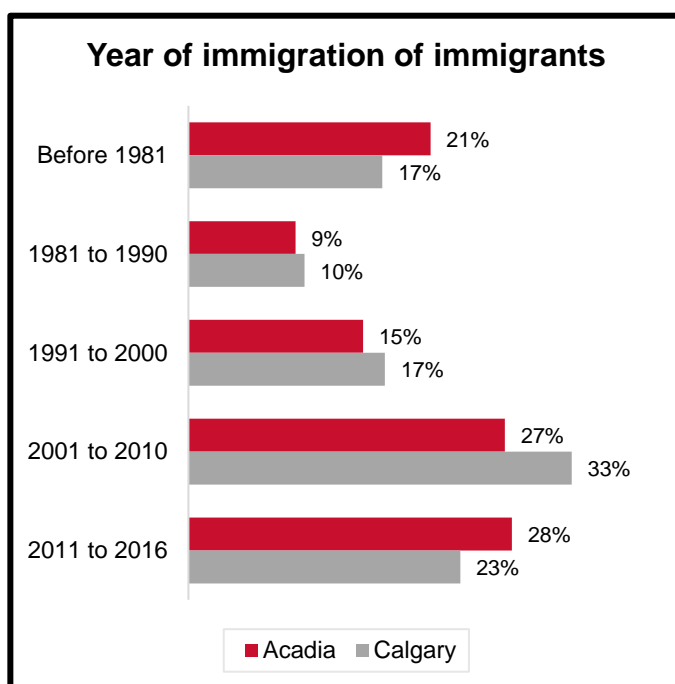
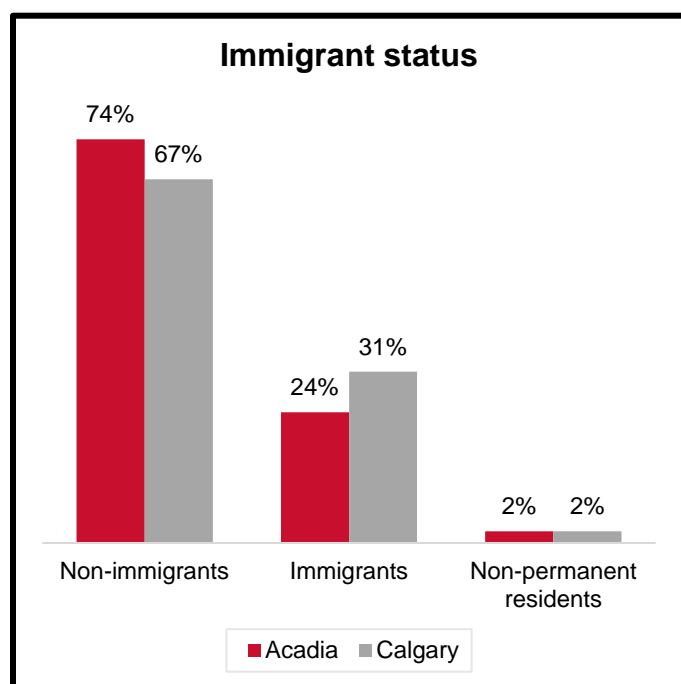
Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,390	100%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	55,265	5%
Spanish	48,675	4%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	47,140	4%
Cantonese	42,445	3%
Mandarin	38,800	3%

# Immigration, and Population Diversity

## Immigrant Status and Year of Immigration

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-immigrants</b>	<b>7,710</b>	<b>74%</b>
<b>Immigrants</b>	<b>2,495</b>	<b>24%</b>
<i>Before 1981</i>	<i>520</i>	<i>5%</i>
<i>1981 to 1990</i>	<i>230</i>	<i>2%</i>
<i>1991 to 2000</i>	<i>375</i>	<i>4%</i>
<i>2001 to 2005</i>	<i>265</i>	<i>3%</i>
<i>2006 to 2010</i>	<i>410</i>	<i>4%</i>
<i>2011 to 2016</i>	<i>695</i>	<i>7%</i>
<b>Non-permanent residents</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>2%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>1,222,390</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-immigrants</b>	<b>813,465</b>	<b>67%</b>
<b>Immigrants</b>	<b>383,080</b>	<b>31%</b>
<i>Before 1981</i>	<i>63,920</i>	<i>5%</i>
<i>1981 to 1990</i>	<i>38,270</i>	<i>3%</i>
<i>1991 to 2000</i>	<i>64,820</i>	<i>5%</i>
<i>2001 to 2005</i>	<i>56,835</i>	<i>5%</i>
<i>2006 to 2010</i>	<i>69,570</i>	<i>6%</i>
<i>2011 to 2016</i>	<i>89,665</i>	<i>7%</i>
<b>Non-permanent residents</b>	<b>25,850</b>	<b>2%</b>



## Citizenship

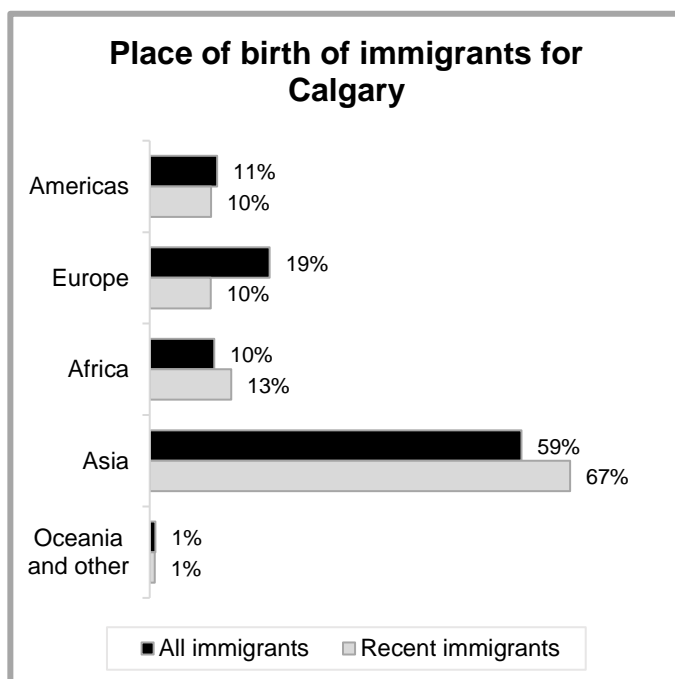
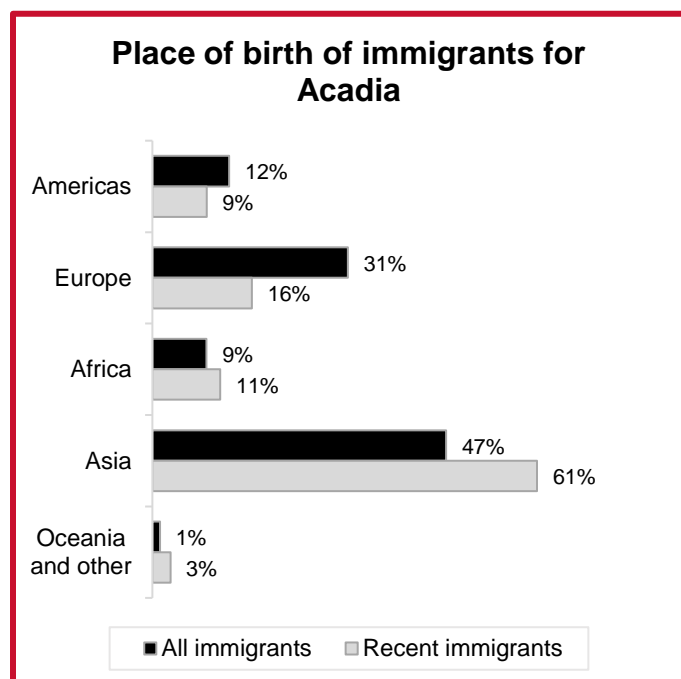
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Canadian citizens</b>	<b>9,265</b>	<b>89%</b>
<b>Not Canadian citizens</b>	<b>1,165</b>	<b>11%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>1,222,395</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Canadian citizens</b>	<b>1,075,470</b>	<b>88%</b>
<b>Not Canadian citizens</b>	<b>146,925</b>	<b>12%</b>

## Continent and country of birth of immigrants (Top 5 countries)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Immigrant population in private households</b>	<b>2,495</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>By continent</b>		
Americas	305	12%
Europe	775	31%
Africa	215	9%
Asia	1,165	47%
Oceania and other	30	1%
<b>By country</b>		
Philippines	600	24%
United Kingdom	190	8%
India	150	6%
Germany	85	3%
Poland	70	3%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Immigrant population in private households</b>	<b>383,080</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>By continent</b>		
Americas	41,010	11%
Europe	72,985	19%
Africa	39,220	10%
Asia	226,330	59%
Oceania and other	3,535	1%
<b>By country</b>		
Philippines	51,545	13%
India	44,365	12%
China	34,550	9%
United Kingdom	22,150	6%
Pakistan	17,115	4%



## Continent of birth of recent immigrants (immigrated to Canada between 2011 and 2016)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Recent immigrant population in private households</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>By Continent</b>		
Americas	60	9%
Europe	110	16%
Africa	75	11%
Asia	425	61%
Oceania and other	20	3%

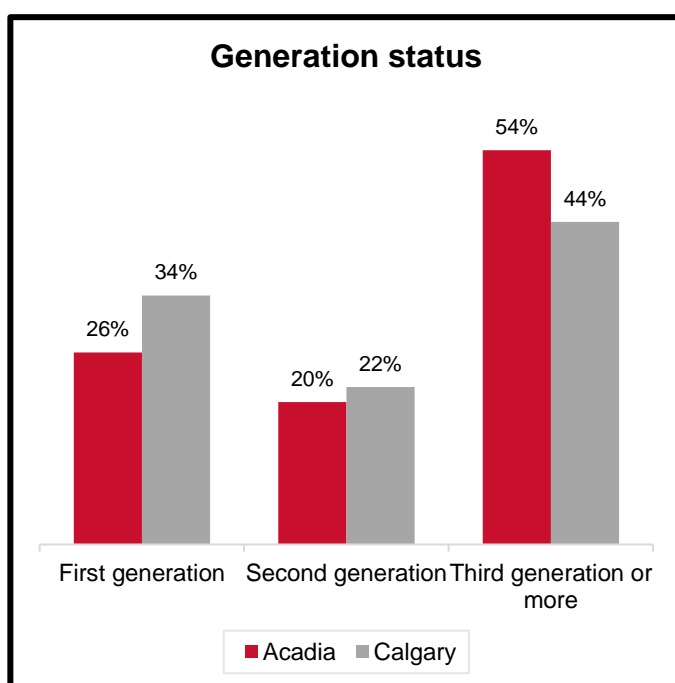
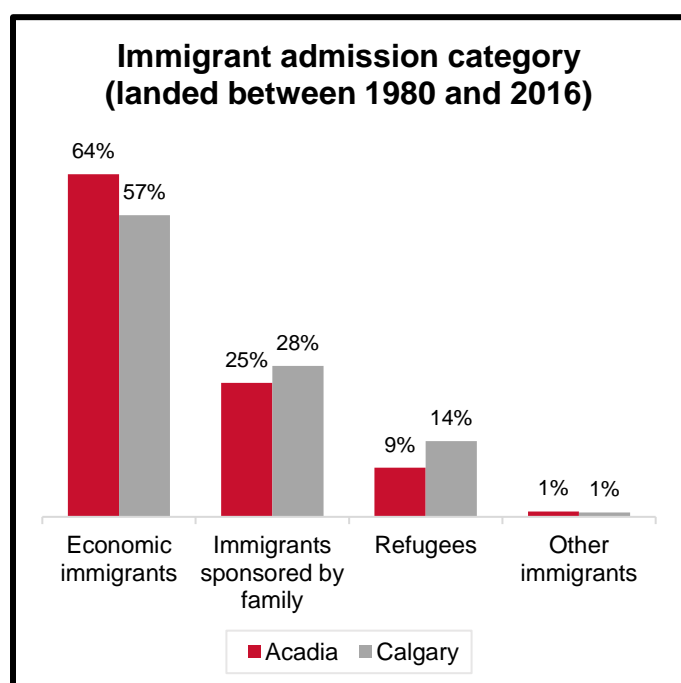
Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Recent immigrant population in private households</b>	<b>89,660</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>By Continent</b>		
Americas	8,735	10%
Europe	8,680	10%
Africa	11,600	13%
Asia	59,915	67%
Oceania and other	735	1%



## Immigrant admission category

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Immigrant population in private households who landed between 1980 and 2016	2,005	100%
Economic immigrants	1,290	64%
Immigrants sponsored by family	505	25%
Refugees	185	9%
Other immigrants	20	1%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Immigrant population in private households who landed between 1980 and 2016	325,395	100%
Economic immigrants	184,255	57%
Immigrants sponsored by family	92,160	28%
Refugees	46,260	14%
Other immigrants	2,720	1%



## Generation status

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,430	100%
First generation	2,750	26%
Second generation	2,040	20%
Third generation or more	5,645	54%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,390	100%
First generation	417,395	34%
Second generation	264,055	22%
Third generation or more	540,945	44%

## Per cent visible minority

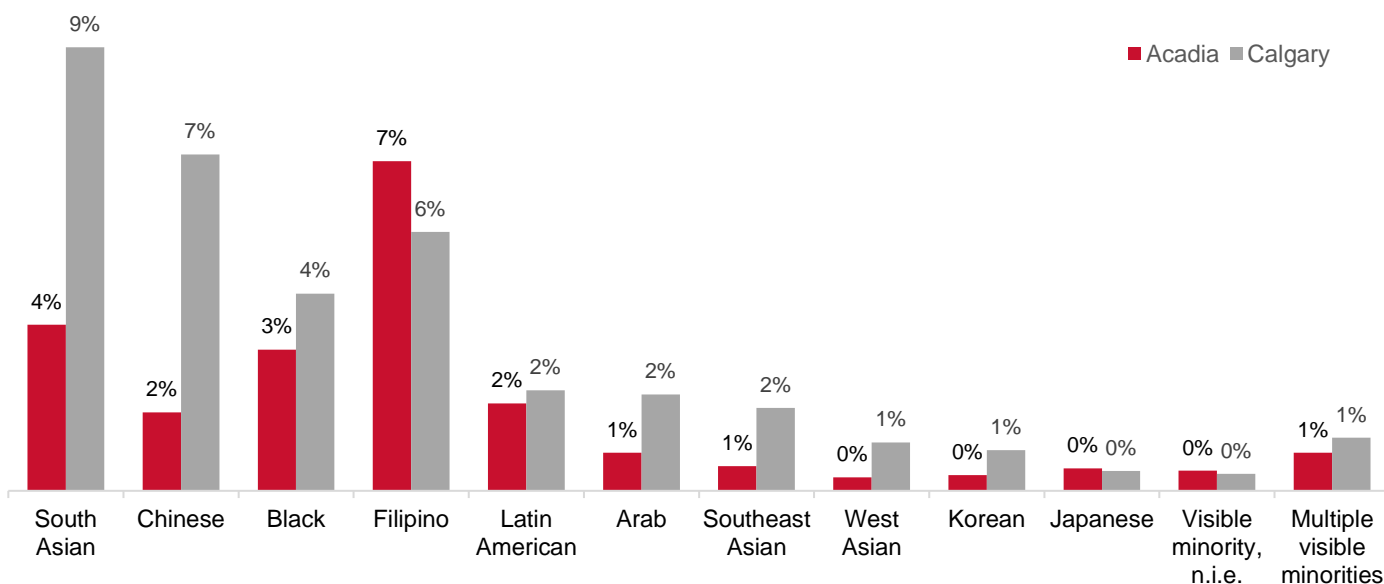


## Visible Minority

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Visible minority</b>	<b>2,180</b>	<b>21%</b>
South Asian	370	4%
Chinese	175	2%
Black	315	3%
Filipino	735	7%
Latin American	195	2%
Arab	85	1%
Southeast Asian	55	1%
West Asian	30	0%
Korean	35	0%
Japanese	50	0%
Visible Minority, n.i.e. (Not included elsewhere)	45	0%
Multiple visible minorities	85	1%
<b>Not a visible minority</b>	<b>8,260</b>	<b>79%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population in private households</b>	<b>1,222,395</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Visible minority</b>	<b>442,610</b>	<b>36%</b>
South Asian	115,835	9%
Chinese	87,835	7%
Black	51,505	4%
Filipino	67,650	6%
Latin American	26,250	2%
Arab	25,200	2%
Southeast Asian	21,615	2%
West Asian	12,610	1%
Korean	10,630	1%
Japanese	5,175	0%
Visible Minority, n.i.e. (Not included elsewhere)	4,410	0%
Multiple visible minorities	13,890	1%
<b>Not a visible minority</b>	<b>779,780</b>	<b>64%</b>

## Visible minority population

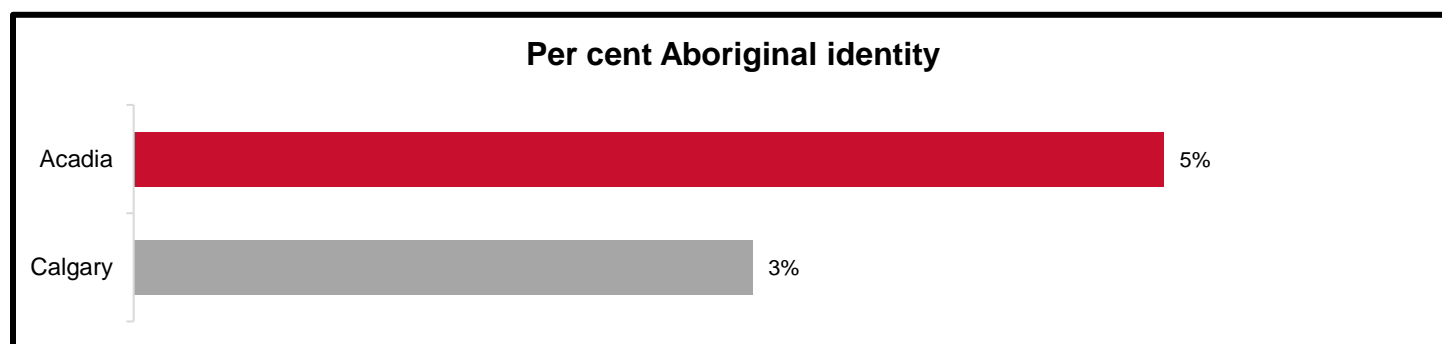


## Aboriginal Identity and Languages

### Aboriginal identity

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	10,435	100%
Aboriginal identity	500	5%
Non-Aboriginal identity	9,935	95%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households	1,222,390	100%
Aboriginal identity	35,190	3%
Non-Aboriginal identity	1,187,200	97%



### Aboriginal group

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Aboriginal identity population in private households	500	100%
First Nations (North American Indian)	275	55%
Metis	215	43%
Inuk (Inuit)	10	2%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere	0	0%
Multiple Aboriginal responses	0	0%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Aboriginal identity population in private households	35,190	100%
First Nations (North American Indian)	15,500	44%
Metis	18,480	53%
Inuk (Inuit)	355	1%
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere	495	1%
Multiple Aboriginal responses	365	1%

### Knowledge of Aboriginal Languages (Top 3)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households with knowledge of an Aboriginal language	25	100%
Blackfoot	25	100%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Population in private households with knowledge of an Aboriginal language	1,145	100%
Blackfoot	335	29%
Cree, n.o.s.*	230	20%
Plains Cree	90	8%

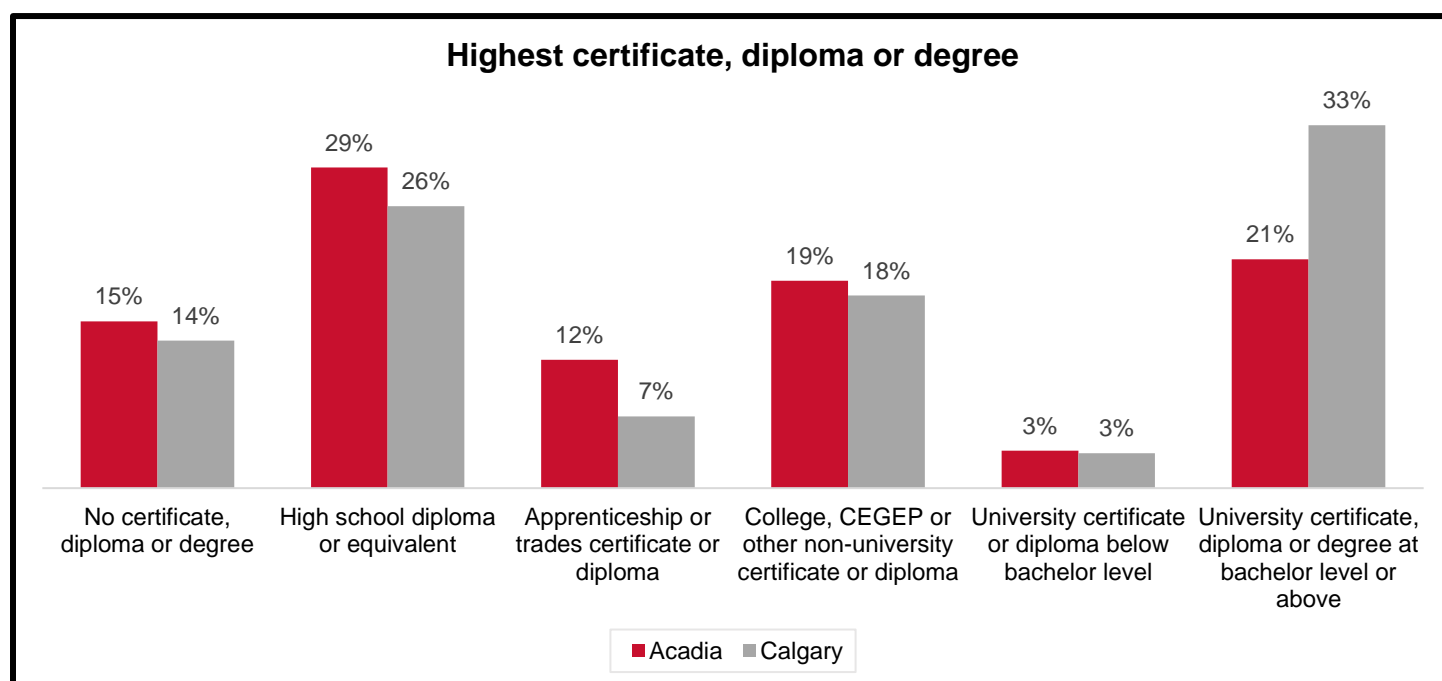
\*N.O.S = not otherwise specified.

## Education

### Highest certificate, diploma or degree

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 15 years and over in private households</b>	<b>9,055</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>No certificate, diploma or degree</b>	<b>1,385</b>	<b>15%</b>
<b>High school diploma or equivalent</b>	<b>2,660</b>	<b>29%</b>
<b>Post-secondary certificate, diploma or degree</b>	<b>5,005</b>	<b>55%</b>
<i>Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma</i>	<i>1,065</i>	<i>12%</i>
<i>College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma</i>	<i>1,720</i>	<i>19%</i>
<i>University certificate or diploma below bachelor level</i>	<i>310</i>	<i>3%</i>
<i>University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above</i>	<i>1,900</i>	<i>21%</i>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 15 years and over in private households</b>	<b>996,105</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>No certificate, diploma or degree</b>	<b>134,640</b>	<b>14%</b>
<b>High school diploma or equivalent</b>	<b>257,250</b>	<b>26%</b>
<b>Post-secondary certificate, diploma or degree</b>	<b>604,215</b>	<b>61%</b>
<i>Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma</i>	<i>65,520</i>	<i>7%</i>
<i>College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma</i>	<i>175,840</i>	<i>18%</i>
<i>University certificate or diploma below bachelor level</i>	<i>31,730</i>	<i>3%</i>
<i>University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above</i>	<i>331,120</i>	<i>33%</i>

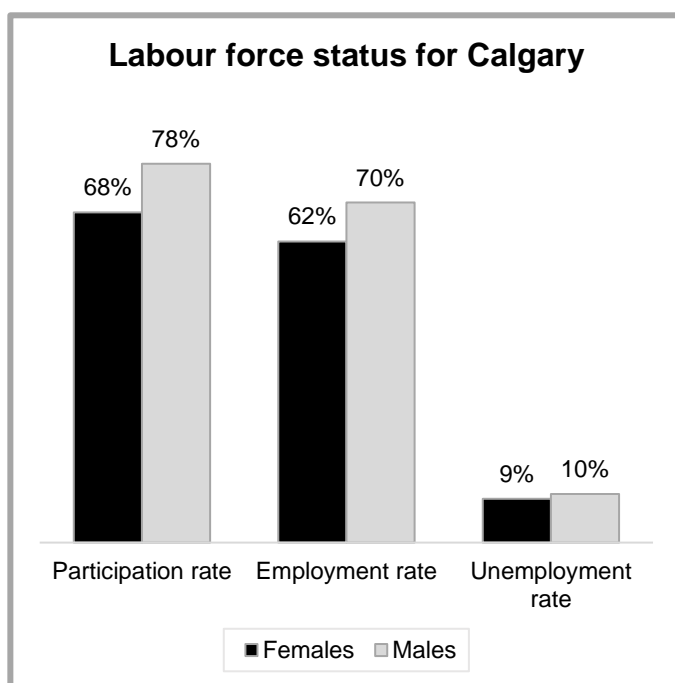
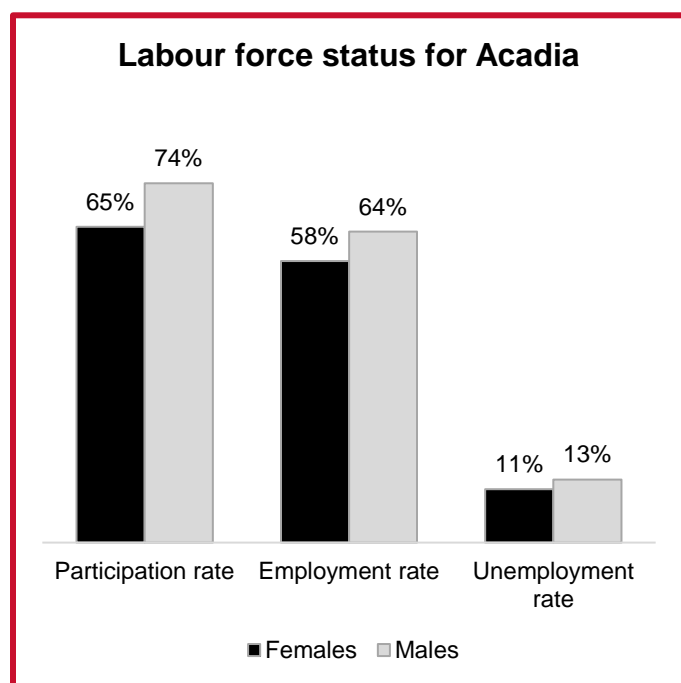


# Employment

## Labour force status and employment status

Acadia	
	Number
Population aged 15 years and over in private households	9,055
<b>In the labour force</b>	<b>6,290</b>
<i>Employed</i>	5,540
<i>Unemployed</i>	750
<b>Not in the labour force</b>	<b>2,770</b>
<b>Labour force participation rate</b>	<b>70%</b>
<b>Employment rate</b>	<b>61%</b>
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	<b>12%</b>

Calgary	
	Number
Population aged 15 years and over in private households	996,105
<b>In the labour force</b>	<b>728,290</b>
<i>Employed</i>	658,970
<i>Unemployed</i>	69,320
<b>Not in the labour force</b>	<b>267,815</b>
<b>Labour force participation rate</b>	<b>73%</b>
<b>Employment rate</b>	<b>66%</b>
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	<b>10%</b>



## Labour force status and employment status by sex

Acadia		
	Males	Females
Population aged 15 years and over in private households	4,555	4,500
<b>In the labour force</b>	<b>3,370</b>	<b>2,915</b>
<i>Employed</i>	2,925	2,615
<i>Unemployed</i>	450	305
<b>Not in the labour force</b>	<b>1,180</b>	<b>1,585</b>
Labour force participation rate	74%	65%
Employment rate	64%	58%
Unemployment rate	13%	11%

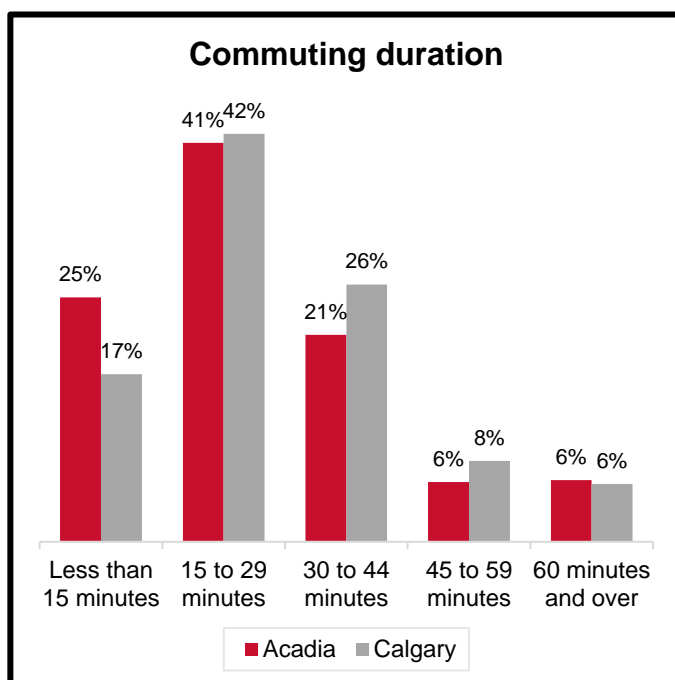
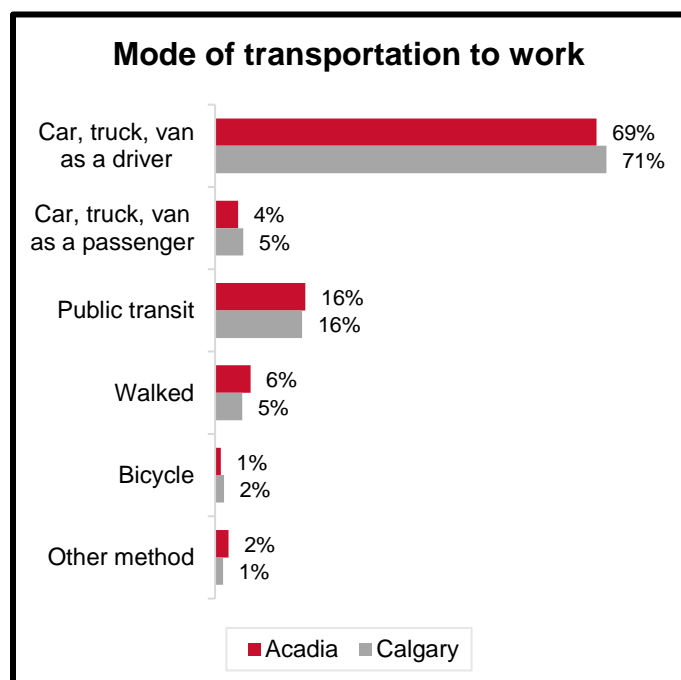
Calgary		
	Males	Females
Population aged 15 years and over in private households	494,610	501,495
<b>In the labour force</b>	<b>386,945</b>	<b>341,345</b>
<i>Employed</i>	348,130	310,840
<i>Unemployed</i>	38,810	30,505
<b>Not in the labour force</b>	<b>107,670</b>	<b>160,150</b>
Labour force participation rate	78%	68%
Employment rate	70%	62%
Unemployment rate	10%	9%

## Transportation to Work

### Mode of transportation to work

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	5,285	100%
Driver – car, truck or van	3,660	69%
Passenger – car, truck or van	220	4%
Public transit	865	16%
Walked	340	6%
Bicycle	55	1%
Other methods	130	2%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	611,330	100%
Driver – car, truck or van	434,375	71%
Passenger – car, truck or van	31,420	5%
Public transit	96,565	16%
Walked	30,245	5%
Bicycle	9,875	2%
Other methods	8,850	1%



### Commuting duration

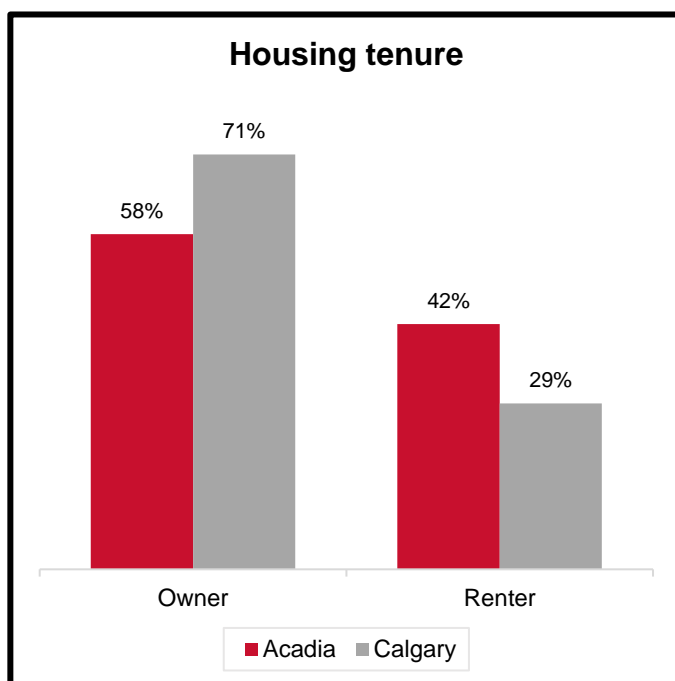
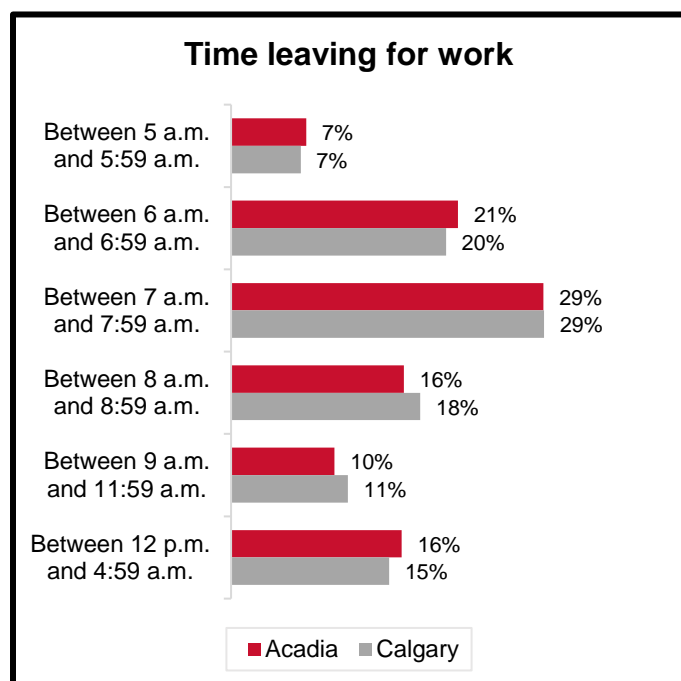
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	5,285	100%
Less than 15 minutes	1,330	25%
15 to 29 minutes	2,170	41%
30 to 44 minutes	1,125	21%
45 to 59 minutes	325	6%
60 minutes and over	335	6%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	611,325	100%
Less than 15 minutes	105,515	17%
15 to 29 minutes	256,765	42%
30 to 44 minutes	161,770	26%
45 to 59 minutes	50,820	8%
60 minutes and over	36,460	6%

## Time leaving for work

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	5,280	100%
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	375	7%
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	1,130	21%
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	1,555	29%
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	860	16%
Between 9 a.m. and 9:59 a.m.	515	10%
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 p.m.	850	16%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households	611,330	100%
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	40,190	7%
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	123,770	20%
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	180,205	29%
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	108,925	18%
Between 9 a.m. and 9:59 a.m.	67,245	11%
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 p.m.	90,995	15%



## Housing and Mobility

### Housing Tenure

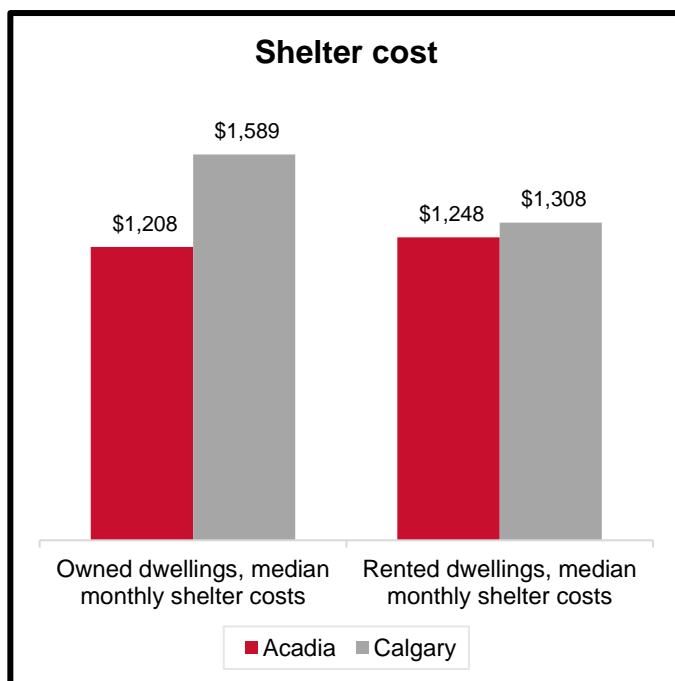
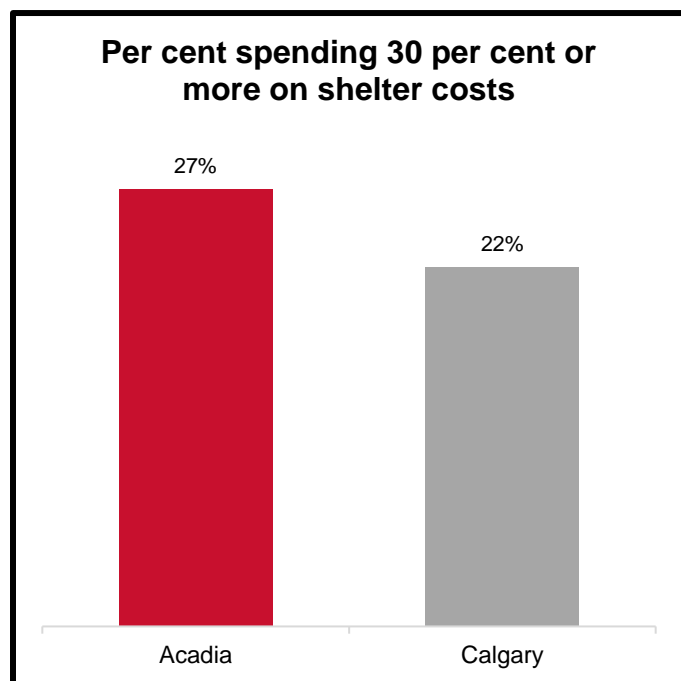
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Private households	4,785	100%
Owner households	2,760	58%
Renter households	2,020	42%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Private households	466,730	100%
Owner households	333,455	71%
Renter households	133,275	29%

## Housing affordability (shelter-cost-to-income ratio)

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Private households with income	4,755	100%
Households spending less than 30% of total income on shelter	3,470	73%
Households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter	1,290	27%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Private households with income	464,360	100%
Households spending less than 30% of total income on shelter	361,070	78%
Households spending 30% or more of total income on shelter	103,295	22%



## Housing affordability for renter and owner households

Acadia		
	Owner	Renter
Private households with total income greater than zero	2,760	2,020
Per cent households with income spending 30% or more total income on shelter	17%	41%
Median monthly shelter costs	\$1,208	\$1,248
% with mortgage	58%	-
% in subsidized housing	-	13%

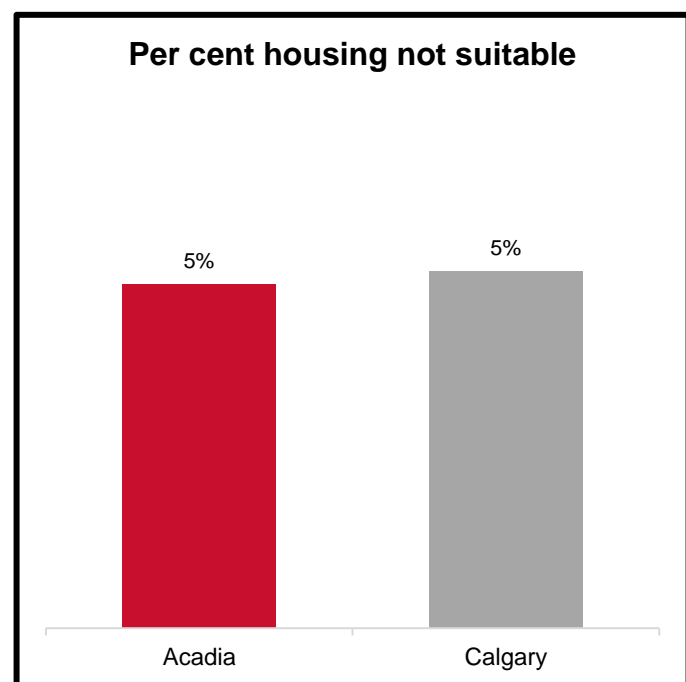
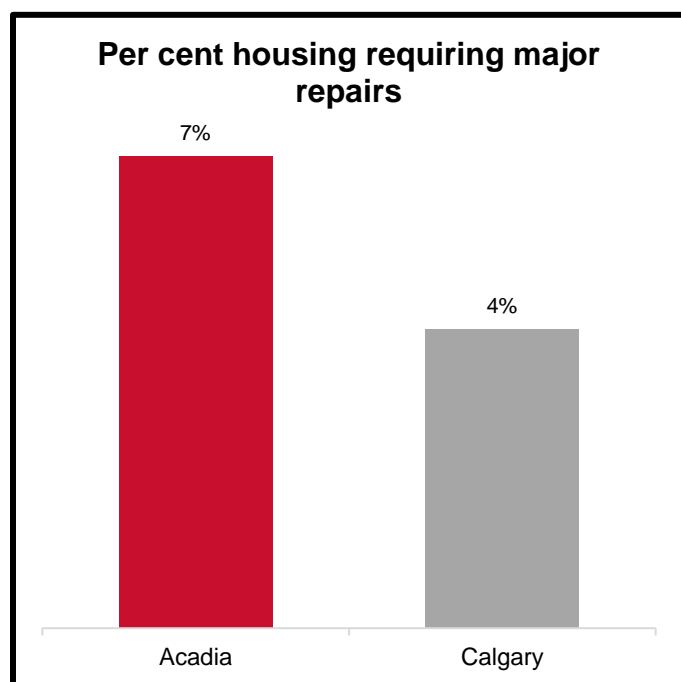
Calgary		
	Owner	Renter
Private households with total income greater than zero	333,455	133,275
Per cent households with income spending 30% or more total income on shelter	17%	37%
Median monthly shelter costs	\$1,589	\$1,308
% with mortgage	67%	-
% in subsidized housing	-	10%



## Condition of dwelling

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Occupied private dwellings	4,785	100%
Regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	4,460	93%
Major repairs needed	325	7%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Occupied private dwellings	466,730	100%
Regular maintenance or minor repairs needed	446,630	96%
Major repairs needed	20,105	4%



## Housing suitability

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Private households	4,785	100%
Suitable	4,565	95%
Not suitable	220	5%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Private households	466,730	100%
Suitable	444,440	95%
Not suitable	22,295	5%

## Dwellings by period of construction

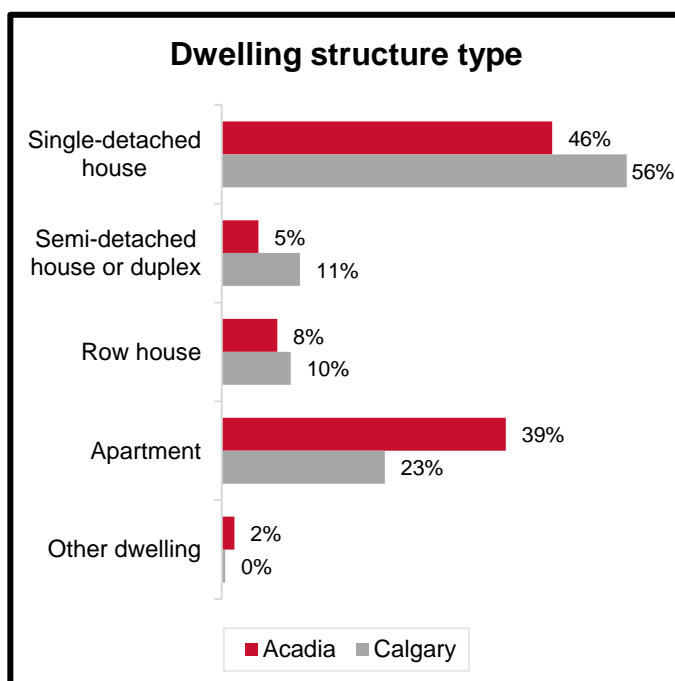
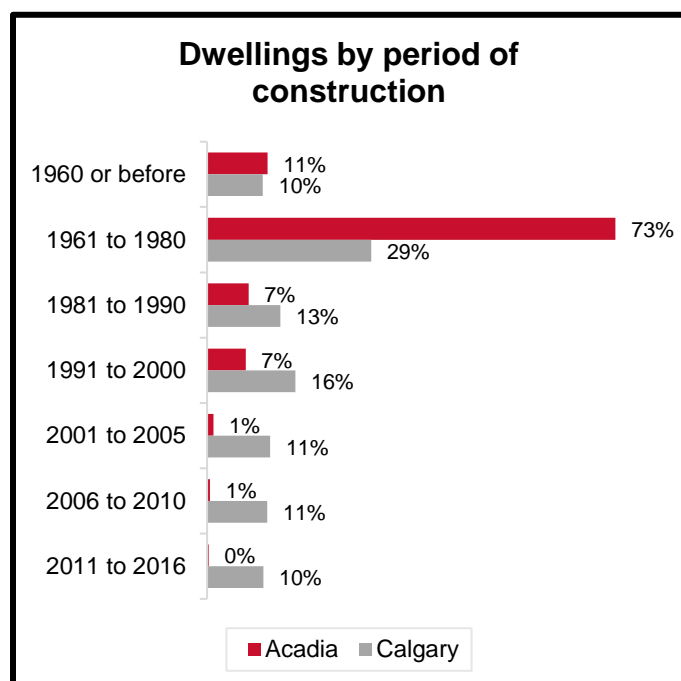
Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
Occupied private dwellings	4,785	100%
1960 or before	515	11%
1961 to 1980	3,485	73%
1981 to 1990	355	7%
1991 to 2000	330	7%
2001 to 2005	55	1%
2006 to 2010	25	1%
2011 to 2016	15	0%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
Occupied private dwellings	466,730	100%
1960 or before	46,475	10%
1961 to 1980	136,555	29%
1981 to 1990	60,930	13%
1991 to 2000	73,405	16%
2001 to 2005	52,470	11%
2006 to 2010	50,135	11%
2011 to 2016	46,755	10%

## Dwellings by structure type

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Occupied private dwellings</b>	<b>4,785</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Single-detached house</b>	<b>2,200</b>	<b>46%</b>
<b>Semi-detached house or duplex</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>5%</b>
<i>Semi-detached</i>	125	3%
<i>Duplex</i>	120	3%
<b>Row house</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>8%</b>
<b>Apartment</b>	<b>1,890</b>	<b>39%</b>
<i>Less than 5 storeys</i>	1,705	36%
<i>5 storeys or more</i>	185	4%
<b>Other dwelling</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>2%</b>

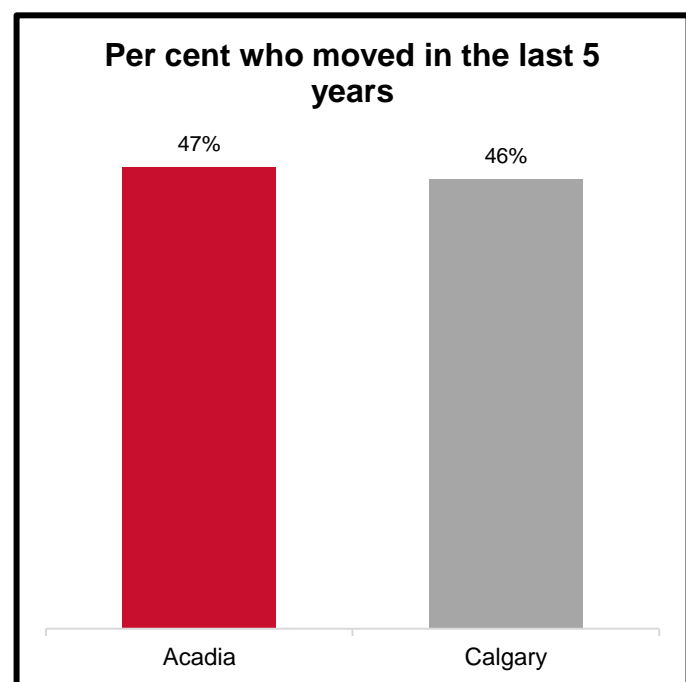
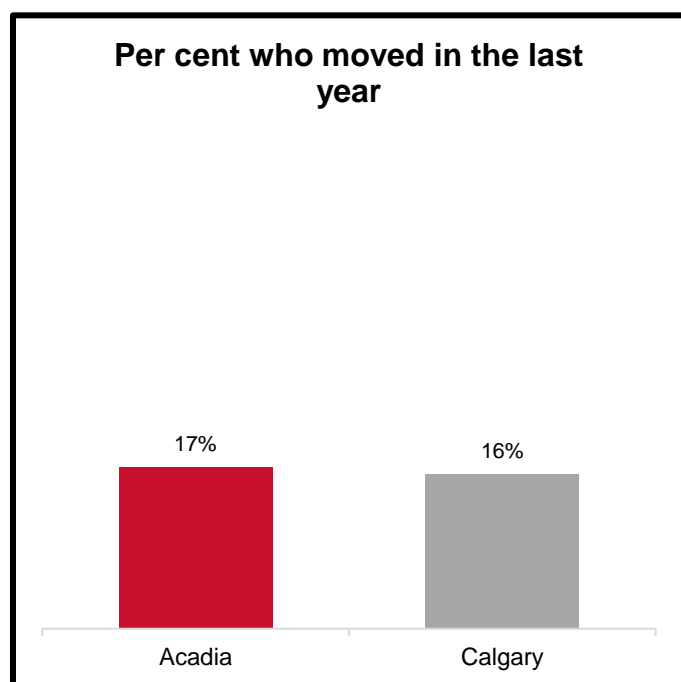
Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Occupied private dwellings</b>	<b>466,725</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Single-detached house</b>	<b>262,965</b>	<b>56%</b>
<b>Semi-detached house or duplex</b>	<b>50,880</b>	<b>11%</b>
<i>Semi-detached</i>	29,295	6%
<i>Duplex</i>	21,585	5%
<b>Row house</b>	<b>44,705</b>	<b>10%</b>
<b>Apartment</b>	<b>105,890</b>	<b>23%</b>
<i>Less than 5 storeys</i>	72,880	16%
<i>5 storeys or more</i>	33,010	7%
<b>Other dwelling</b>	<b>2,295</b>	<b>0%</b>



## Mobility status 1 year ago

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 1 year and over in private households</b>	<b>10,355</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-movers</b>	<b>8,640</b>	<b>83%</b>
<b>Movers</b>	<b>1,715</b>	<b>17%</b>
Non-migrants	1,330	13%
Migrants	380	4%
Internal migrants	255	2%
External migrants	135	1%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 1 year and over in private households</b>	<b>1,207,055</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-movers</b>	<b>1,015,135</b>	<b>84%</b>
<b>Movers</b>	<b>191,915</b>	<b>16%</b>
Non-migrants	143,215	12%
Migrants	48,700	4%
Internal migrants	28,085	2%
External migrants	20,615	2%



## Mobility status 5 years ago

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 5 years and over in private households</b>	<b>9,900</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-movers</b>	<b>5,195</b>	<b>52%</b>
<b>Movers</b>	<b>4,700</b>	<b>47%</b>
Non-migrants	3,040	31%
Migrants	1,660	17%
Internal migrants	1,000	10%
External migrants	660	7%

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Population aged 5 years and over in private households</b>	<b>1,144,745</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Non-movers</b>	<b>616,155</b>	<b>54%</b>
<b>Movers</b>	<b>528,590</b>	<b>46%</b>
Non-migrants	331,630	29%
Migrants	196,965	17%
Internal migrants	109,735	10%
External migrants	87,225	8%

## Income

Median household and individual income before tax in 2015

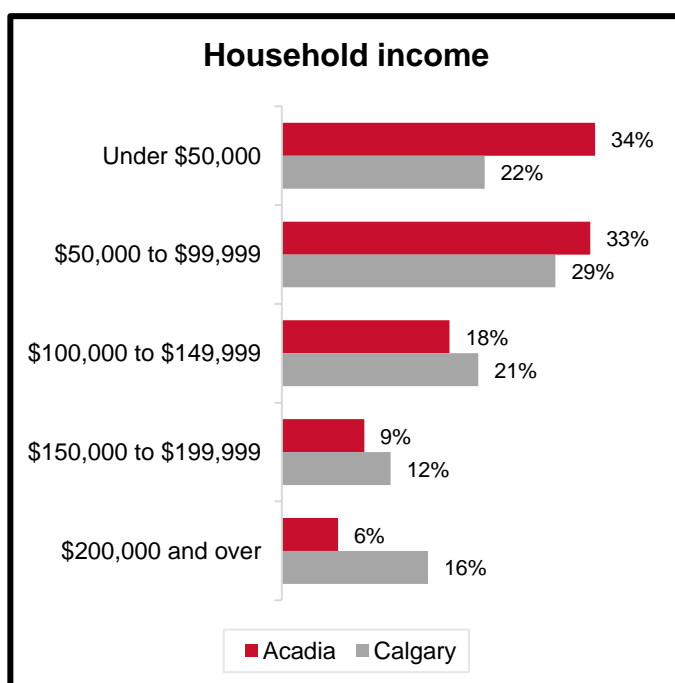
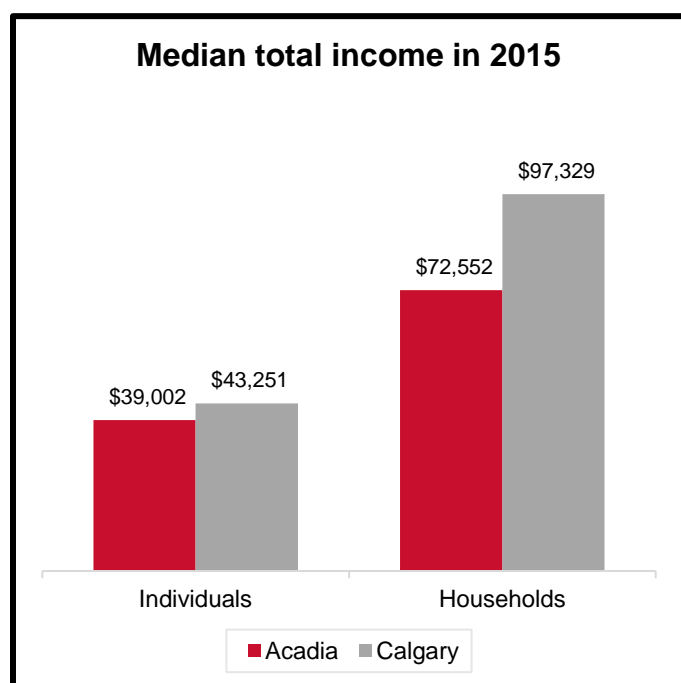
Acadia	
	Number
<b>Median income</b> of population aged 15 years and over	<b>\$39,002</b>
Male	\$45,876
Female	\$32,213
<b>Median household income</b> of private households	<b>\$72,552</b>

Calgary	
	Number
<b>Median income</b> of population aged 15 years and over	<b>\$43,251</b>
Male	\$52,634
Female	\$35,395
<b>Median household income</b> of private households	<b>\$97,329</b>

Total household income groups in 2015 for private households

Acadia		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Private households</b>	<b>4,785</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Under \$20,000</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>8%</b>
<b>\$20,000 to \$39,999</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>17%</b>
<b>\$40,000 to \$59,999</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>17%</b>
<b>\$60,000 to \$79,999</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>13%</b>
<b>\$80,000 to \$99,999</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$100,000 to \$124,999</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$125,000 to \$149,999</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>6%</b>
<b>\$150,000 to \$199,999</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>9%</b>
<b>\$200,000 and over</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>6%</b>

Calgary		
	Number	Per cent
<b>Private households</b>	<b>466,730</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Under \$20,000</b>	<b>26,015</b>	<b>6%</b>
<b>\$20,000 to \$39,999</b>	<b>49,120</b>	<b>11%</b>
<b>\$40,000 to \$59,999</b>	<b>54,920</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$60,000 to \$79,999</b>	<b>56,565</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$80,000 to \$99,999</b>	<b>53,040</b>	<b>11%</b>
<b>\$100,000 to \$124,999</b>	<b>56,105</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$125,000 to \$149,999</b>	<b>42,765</b>	<b>9%</b>
<b>\$150,000 to \$199,999</b>	<b>54,725</b>	<b>12%</b>
<b>\$200,000 and over</b>	<b>73,475</b>	<b>16%</b>

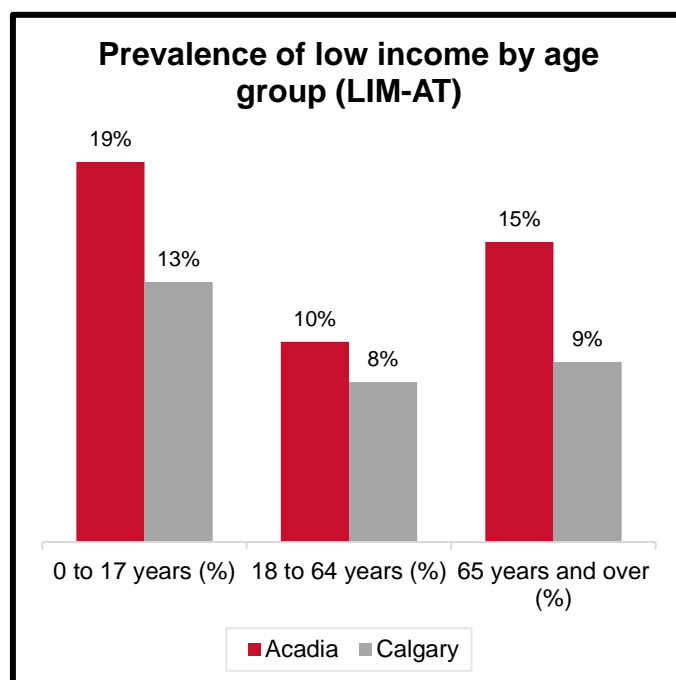


## Low Income in 2015 by age

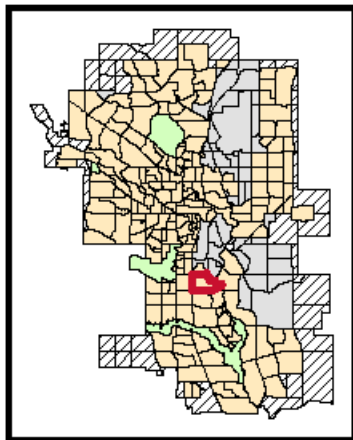
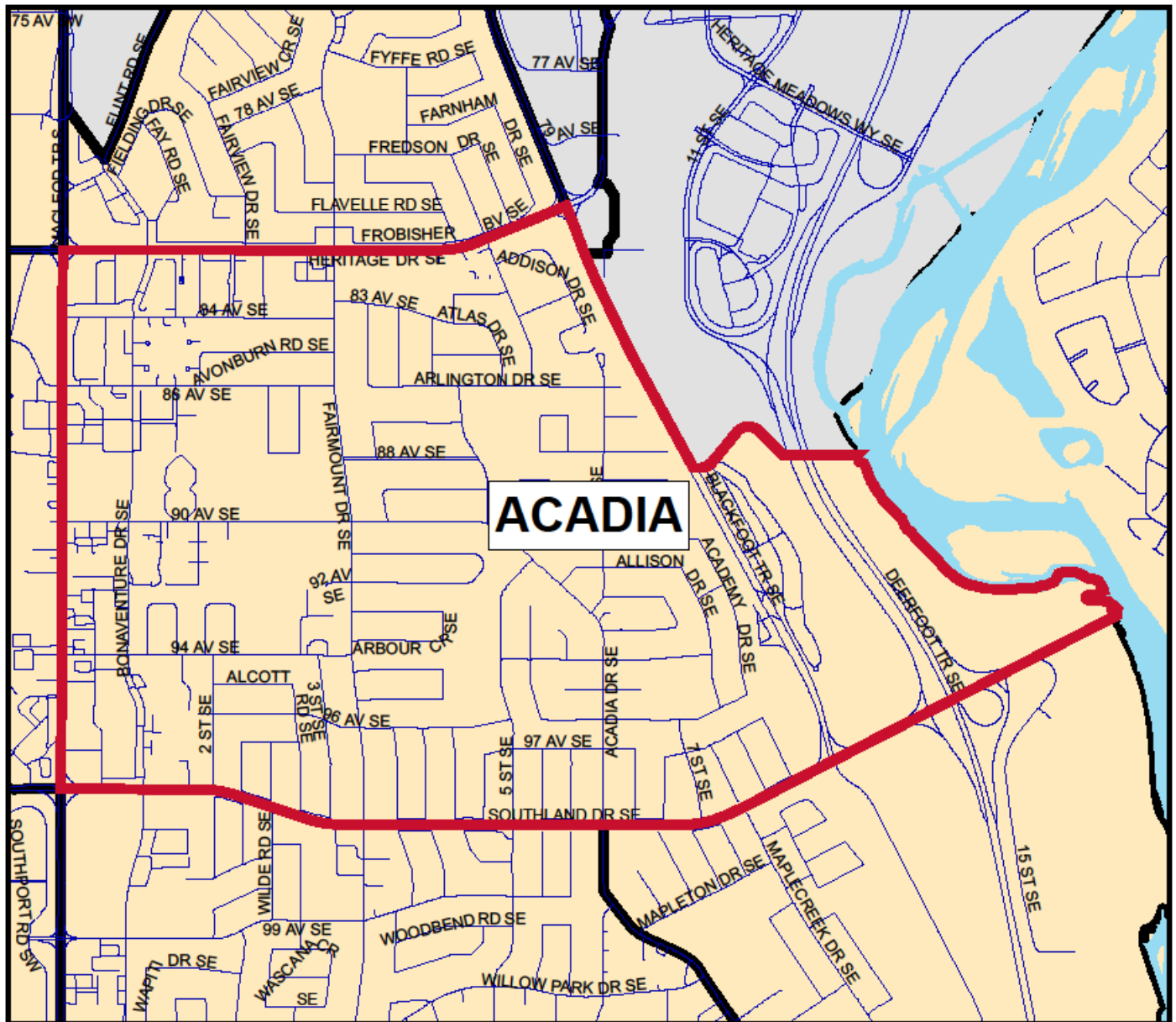
Acadia			
	Number	Number in low income	Per cent in low income
<b>Population in private households to whom low-income concepts are applicable</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>1,270</b>	<b>12%</b>
0 to 17 years	1,655	315	19%
18 to 64 years	7,065	710	10%
65 years and over	1,720	255	15%

Calgary			
	Number	Number in low income	Per cent in low income
<b>Population in private households to whom low-income concepts are applicable</b>	<b>1,222,390</b>	<b>113,185</b>	<b>9%</b>
0 to 17 years	267,035	33,815	13%
18 to 64 years	827,470	68,025	8%
65 years and over	127,890	11,345	9%

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) threshold for private households, 2015	
	After-tax income
1 person	\$22,133
2 persons	\$31,301
3 persons	\$38,335
4 persons	\$44,266
5 persons	\$49,491
6 persons	\$54,215
7 persons	\$58,558
To convert to other household sizes, multiply the value in the one-person household by the square root of the desired household size.	



## Acadia Map



## Glossary

The definitions in this glossary are adapted from the 2016 Statistics Canada Census Dictionary ([98-301-X](#)).

<b>Aboriginal identity</b>	<p>Refers to whether a person reported being at least one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• An Aboriginal person, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit)</li><li>• A registered or Treaty Indian (as defined by the Indian Act of Canada)</li><li>• A member of a First Nation or Indian band.</li></ul>
<b>Adjusted after-tax income</b>	<p>Refers to after-tax income during the <b>income reference year</b> that has been adjusted to account for household size. Adjustments for household size reflect the fact that a household's needs increase as the number of members increase, although not necessarily by the same proportion per additional member. For the census, this adjustment is calculated by dividing the household income by the square root of the household size and assigning this income to each person in the household. Used to determine whether a household is in low income based on the <b>low income measure after-tax (LIM-AT)</b>.</p>
<b>Admission category</b>	<p>Refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Economic immigrant</b> includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.</li><li>• <b>Immigrant sponsored by family</b> includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms "family class" or "family reunification" are sometime used to refer to this category.</li><li>• <b>Refugee</b> includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights.</li><li>• <b>Other immigrant</b> includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall in the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.</li></ul>
<b>Age</b>	<p>Refers to the age at last birthday before the <b>census reference day</b>, May 10, 2016.</p>
<b>Calgary</b>	<p>Refers to the Calgary census subdivision (CSD), as defined by Statistics Canada. Equivalent to the Calgary city limit.</p>
<b>Census family</b>	<p>Refers to a married couple (with or without children), a common-law couple (with or without children), or a lone parent family. A couple may be of same or opposite sex. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Children</b> may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption <i>regardless of their age</i> or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling.</li></ul>
<b>Census reference day</b>	<p>A survey's reference date is the date to which respondents refer when answering the questions. The 2016 Census reference day was May 10, 2016.</p>



### ***Citizenship***

Refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

- **Canadian citizen** includes person who are dual citizens of Canada and another country.
- **Not a Canadian citizen** refers to persons who were born outside Canada and have not become Canadian citizens.

### ***Dwelling***

Refers to a set of living quarters.

- **Collective Dwelling** refers to a dwelling of a commercial, institutional or communal nature. Included are lodging or rooming houses, hotels, motels, tourist establishments, nursing homes, hospitals, staff residences, military bases, work camps, jails, group homes, and so on.
- **Private Dwelling** refers to a separate set of living quarters with a private entrance either from outside or from a common hall, lobby, vestibule or stairway inside the building. The entrance to the dwelling must be one that can be used without passing through the living quarters of someone else.

### ***Dwelling condition***

Refers to whether the dwelling is in need of repairs. This does not include remodelling or additions.

- **Regular maintenance needed** includes dwellings where only regular maintenance such as painting or furnace cleaning is needed.
- **Minor repairs needed** includes dwellings needing only minor repairs such as dwellings with missing or loose floor tiles, bricks or shingles or defective steps, railing or siding.
- **Major repairs needed** includes dwellings needing major repairs such as dwellings with defective plumbing or electrical wiring and dwellings needing structural repairs to walls, floors or ceilings.

### ***Dwelling type***

Refers to a set of living quarters in which a person or a group of persons reside or could reside.

Structure types include:

- **Single-detached house:** A single dwelling not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A single-detached house has open space on all sides, and no dwellings either above it or below it.
- **Semi-detached house:** Refers to one of two dwellings attached side by side (or back to back) to each other, but not attached to any other dwelling or structure (except its own garage or shed). A semi-detached dwelling has no dwellings either above or below it, and the two units have open space on all sides.
- **Duplex:** Refers to one of two dwellings, located one above the other, may or more be attached to other dwellings or buildings.
- **Row house:** One of three or more dwellings joined side by side (or occasionally side to back), such as a townhouse or garden home, but not having any other dwellings either above or below.
- **Apartment, less than five storeys:** Refers to a dwelling unit in a building that has fewer than five storeys.
- **Apartment, five or more storeys:** Refers to a dwelling unit in a high-rise apartment building which has five or more storeys.
- **Other dwelling:** Includes mobile homes, movable dwellings, and other dwellings not included elsewhere.



<b>Employment status</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Employed</b> refers to a person who, during the period of Sunday May 1 to Saturday May 7, 2016, did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. This also includes persons who did unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household. Also includes those who had a job but were not at work due to factors such as their own illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, vacation or a labour dispute. This category excludes persons not at work because they were on layoff or between casual jobs, and those who did not then have a job (even if they had a job to start at a future date).</li> <li>• <b>Unemployed</b> refers to a person who, during the period of Sunday May 1 to Saturday May 7, 2016, was without paid work or without self-employment work and was available for work. An unemployed person either: had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; was on temporary lay-off and expected to return to his or her job; or had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less.</li> </ul>
<b>Generation status</b>	<p>Refers to whether or not a person's parents were born in Canada.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>First generation</b> refers to a person who was born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to Canada.</li> <li>• <b>Second generation</b> refers to a person who was born in Canada with at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.</li> <li>• <b>Third generation or more</b> refers to a person who was born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.</li> </ul>
<b>Highest certificate, diploma or degree completed</b>	Refers to the highest level of education <i>completed</i> based on responses to the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported.
<b>Household</b>	Refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. The dwelling may be either a collective dwelling or a private dwelling. The household may consist of a family group such as a census family, of two or more families sharing a dwelling, of a group of unrelated persons or of a person living alone. Household members who are temporarily absent on reference day are considered part of their usual household.
<b>Household income</b>	Refers to the sum of the total income of all household members during 2015.
<b>Household size</b>	Refers to the number of persons in a private household.
<b>Housing affordability (shelter-cost-to-income ratio)</b>	Refers to the proportion of average total household income which is spent on shelter costs. Shelter costs for owner households include, where applicable, mortgage payments, property taxes and condominium fees, along with the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services. For renter households, shelter costs include, where applicable, the rent and the costs of electricity, heat, water and other municipal services.
<b>Housing suitability</b>	Refers to whether a dwelling has enough bedrooms for the size and composition of the household (taking into consideration age, sex and relationship among household members) based on the National Occupancy Standard (NOS) that was developed by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation. A household is deemed to be living in suitable accommodation if its dwelling has enough bedrooms, as calculated using the NOS.

<b>Housing tenure</b>	<p>Refers to whether a household rents or owns their private dwelling.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Owner</b> refers to a household if some member of the household owns the dwelling even if it is not fully paid for, for example if there is a mortgage or some other claim to it.</li> <li>• <b>Renter</b> refers to a household if no member of the household owns the dwelling, even if the dwelling is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative.</li> </ul>
<b>Immigrant status</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Immigrant</b> refers to a person who is or ever has been a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.</li> <li>• <b>Recent immigrant</b> refers to persons who are immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.</li> <li>• <b>Non-immigrant</b> refers to a person who is a Canadian citizen by birth.</li> <li>• <b>Non-permanent resident</b> refers to a person from another country who has a work or study permit or who is a refugee claimant, and the family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them.</li> <li>• <b>Year of immigration</b> refers to the year in which the immigrant first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status.</li> </ul>
<b>Income reference year</b>	<p>Refers to the year to which respondents refer when answering income-related questions. The census income reference year is the calendar year prior to the <b>census reference day</b>. For the 2016 Census, the income reference year was January 1 to December 31, 2015.</p>
<b>Knowledge of non-official languages</b>	<p>Refers to languages, other than English or French, in which a person can conduct a conversation.</p>
<b>Knowledge of official languages</b>	<p>Refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.</p>
<b>Labour force participation rate</b>	<p>Refers to the total <b>labour force</b> in that group, expressed as a percentage of the total population in that group.</p>
<b>Labour force status</b>	<p><b>Labour force</b> refers to persons who, during the <b>employment reference week</b> were either employed or unemployed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>In the labour force</b> refers to persons who, during the week of May 1 – 7, 2016, were either employed or unemployed.</li> <li>• <b>Not in the labour force</b> refers to persons who were neither employed nor unemployed during the week of May 1 – 7, 2016.</li> </ul>
<b>Language spoken most often at home</b>	<p>Refers to the language spoken most often at home by the individual. A person can report more than one language as “spoken most often at home” if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which he or she feels most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home.</p>
<b>Lone parent</b>	<p>Refers to mothers or fathers, with no married spouse or common-law partner present, living in a dwelling with one or more children.</p>

<b>Low income measure after-tax (LIM-AT)</b>	Refers to a <b>dollar threshold</b> that defines low income as half of the median <b>adjusted after-tax income</b> of Canadian households, where “adjusted” indicates that the number of people in a household is taken into account. Persons whose income falls below this amount are considered to be in low income based on LIM-AT. For reference, the LIM-AT threshold for a 1 person household in 2015 was \$22,133.
<b>Low-income status</b>	Refers to the position of a person in relation to the <b>low income measure after-tax (LIM-AT)</b> during the <b>income reference year</b> . Members of a household all share the same income status.
<b>Marital status</b>	<p>Refers to the marital status of the person, taking into account his/her common-law status. All persons aged less than 15 are considered as never married and not living common law. Possible marital statuses are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Common-law:</b> Refers to a person who is living with another person as a couple but who is not legally married to that person. Includes persons living with same and opposite sex partners.</li> <li>• <b>Divorced:</b> Refers to a person who has obtained a legal divorce and who has not remarried. Persons living common-law are not included in this category.</li> <li>• <b>Married:</b> Refers to a person who is legally married and has not separated or obtained a divorce, and whose spouse is living. Includes persons married to same and opposite sex spouses.</li> <li>• <b>Separated:</b> Refers to a person who is married but who no longer lives with his/her spouse (for any reason other than illness, work or school) and who has not obtained a divorce. Persons living common-law are not included in this category.</li> <li>• <b>Single:</b> A person who has never married or a person whose marriage has been annulled and who has not remarried. Persons living common-law are not included in this category.</li> <li>• <b>Widowed:</b> A person who has lost his/her spouse through death and who has not remarried. Persons living common-law are not included in this category.</li> </ul>
<b>Median income</b>	Refers to the middle dollar value where half of the population earns more and half of the population earns less.
<b>Mobility status</b>	<p>A number of terms refer to whether a person lived in the same residence on the <b>census reference day</b> as they did on the same date one or five years earlier.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Non-mover:</b> Refers to a person who has not moved to a new residence.</li> <li>• <b>Mover:</b> Refers to a person who has moved from one residence to another.</li> <li>• <b>Non-migrant:</b> Refers to a person who did move but remained in the <b>Calgary</b>.</li> <li>• <b>Migrant:</b> Refers to a person who moved to <b>Calgary</b> from a different city, town, village, or Indian reserve.</li> <li>• <b>Internal migrant:</b> Refers to a person who moved to <b>Calgary</b> from a different city, town, village, or Indian reserve within Canada.</li> <li>• <b>External migrant:</b> Refers to a person who moved to <b>Calgary</b> from a different country.</li> </ul>
<b>Mode of transportation to work</b>	Refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel between his or her home and his or her place of work. Persons who used more than one mode of transportation were asked to identify the single mode they used for most of the travel distance. The question does not measure multiple modes of transportation, nor does it measure the seasonal variation in mode of transportation or trips made for purposes other than the commute from home to work.

<b><i>Mother tongue</i></b>	Refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.
<b><i>Place of birth</i></b>	Refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of birth. For a breakdown of the countries included in each continent, please refer to the Countries and Areas of Interest for Social Statistics – SCCAI 2016 ( <a href="http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p3VD.pl?Function=getVD&amp;TVD=367512">http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p3VD.pl?Function=getVD&amp;TVD=367512</a> ).
<b><i>Population in private households</i></b>	Refers to all persons who occupy <b>private dwellings</b> . Excludes persons who occupy collective dwellings.  Includes Canadian citizens and landed immigrants whose usual place of residence is Canada. Also includes refugee claimants, holders of work and study permits, Canadian citizens and landed immigrants at sea or in port aboard merchant or government vessels, and Canadian citizens away from Canada on military or diplomatic business. Excludes government representatives and military members of other countries and residents of other countries visiting Canada.
<b><i>Total income</i></b>	Refers to income of a regular and recurring nature, including employment income, pension income, investment income, income from government programs, other regular cash income list child support or spousal support payments received during the <b>income reference year</b> . Excludes one-time receipts such as lottery winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements, tax-free savings account and registered retirements savings plan withdrawals, and capital gains.
<b><i>Visible minority</i></b>	Refers to persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.
<b><i>Ward</i></b>	Refers to the Calgary ward boundaries. Ward boundaries change regularly. While the number of wards remains relatively static, the geographic area they represent does not. As such, comparisons should not be drawn between wards over time. For the 2016 Census of Canada, 2017 boundaries were used for wards and communities.